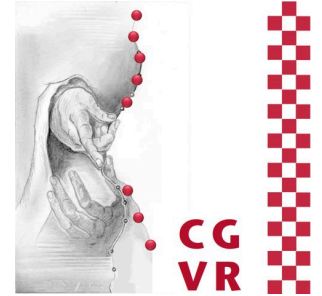


Bremen



# Visual Computing in praktischen Anwendungen

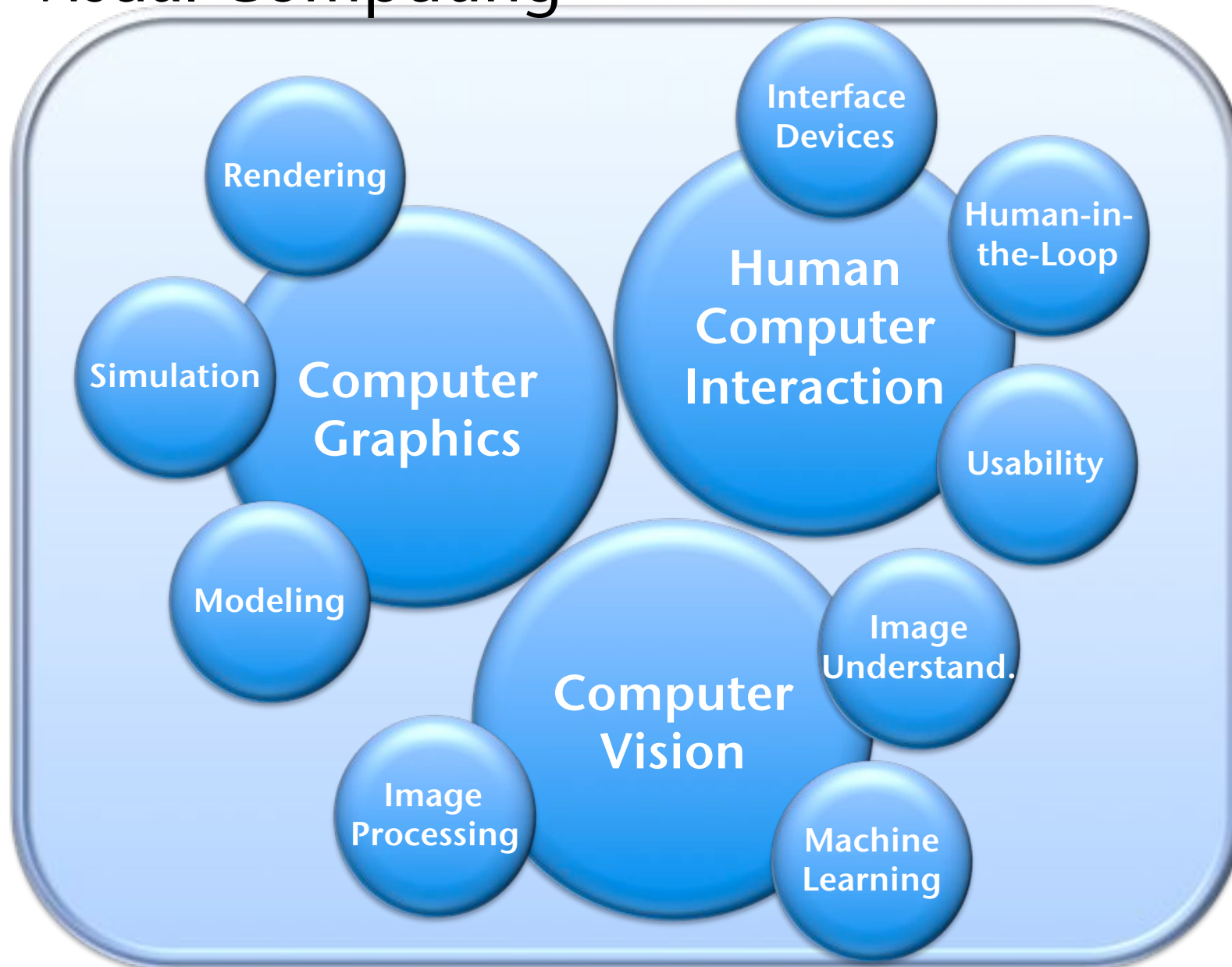
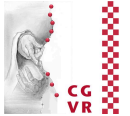
G. Zachmann

[zach@cs.uni-bremen.de](mailto:zach@cs.uni-bremen.de)

<http://cgvr.cs.uni-bremen.de/>

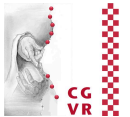


# Visual Computing

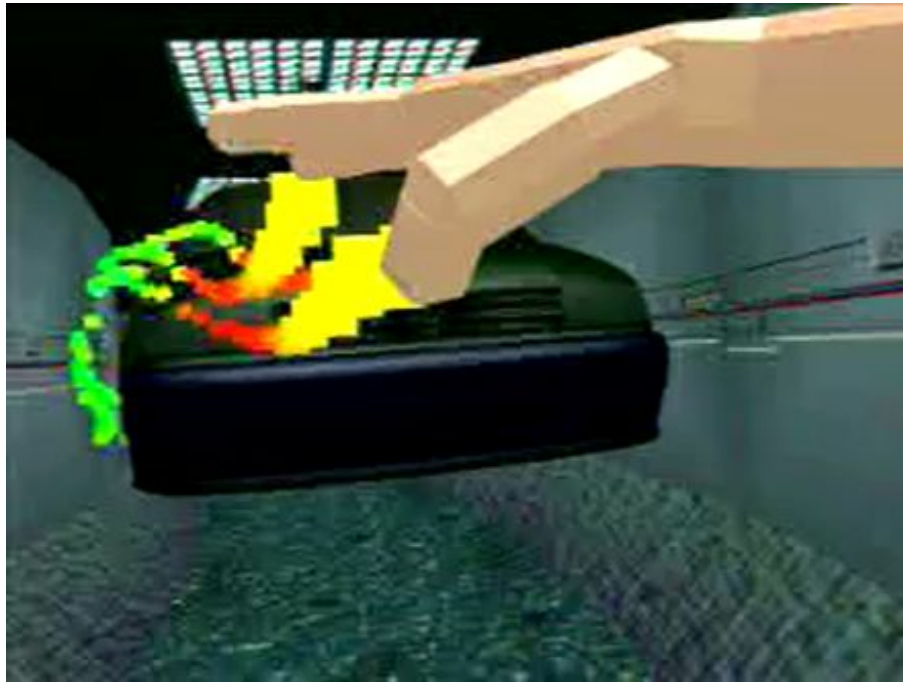




# Applications of Virtual Reality



Virtual wind tunnel



[with Volkswagen]

Ergonomic studies

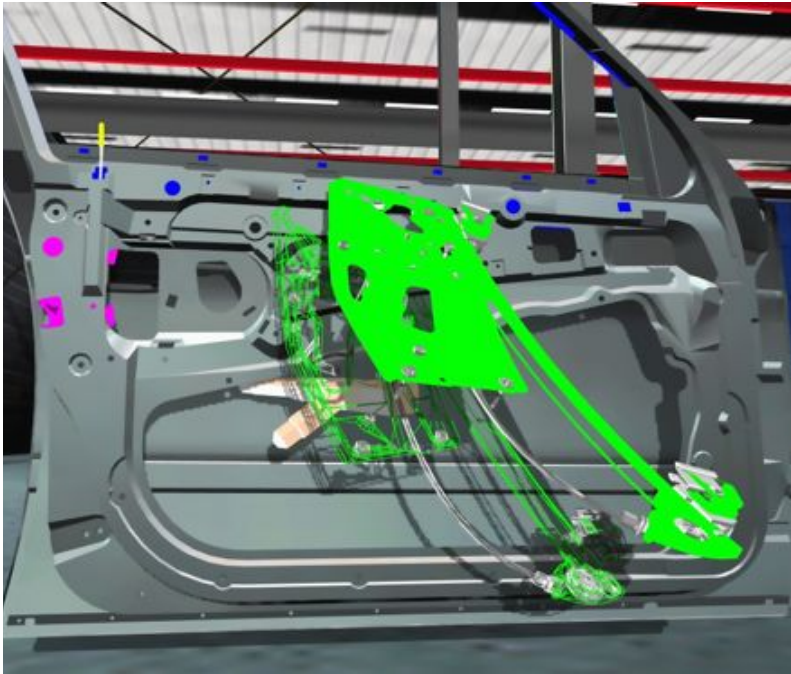


[with BMW]

# Assembly simulation



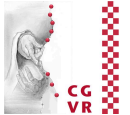
[with BMW]



[with BMW]



# One of Our Research Themes



- Approaches for un-intrusive, natural, direct, and physically plausible interaction with virtual environments
  - In particular, direct manipulation of virtual objects using the virtual hand

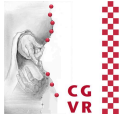
*"...the toughest part for us to achieve in practice seems to be the realistic interaction."*

[Jim Foley: Top Ten Problems in CG, IEEE CG&A]

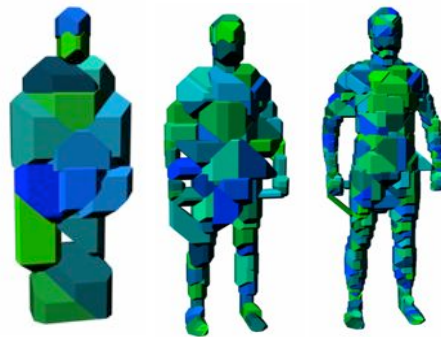
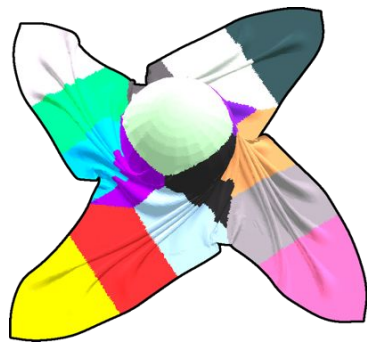
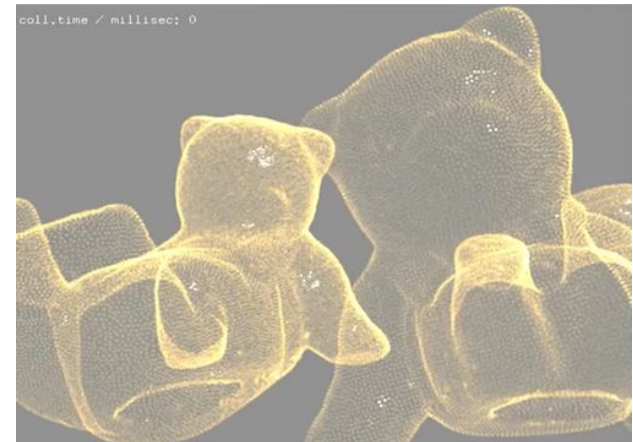
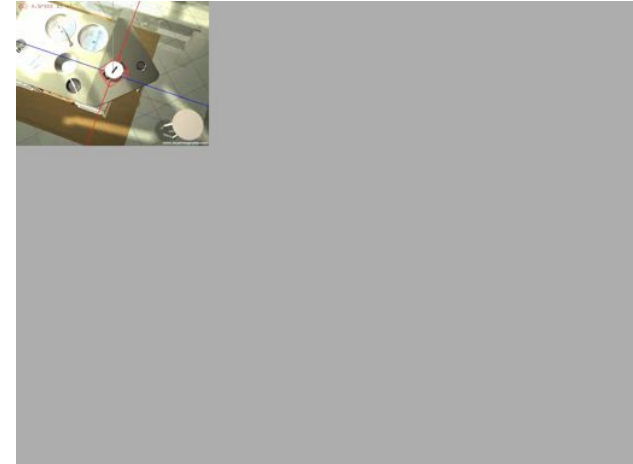




# Collision Detection & Response

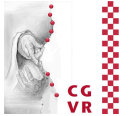


- Rigid & deformable bodies
- Probabilistic coll.det. (time-critical)
- Kinetic bounding volume hierarchies
- Point cloud intersections
- Massively parallel sorting on the GPU (optimal depth & work complexity)

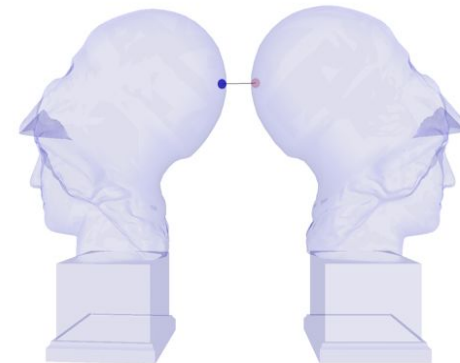
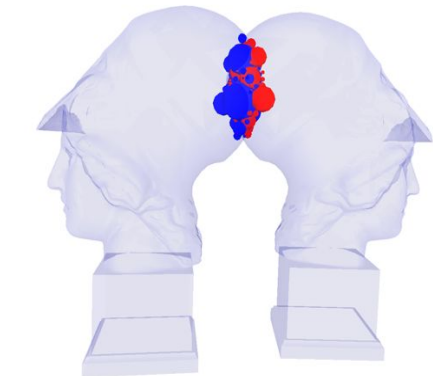
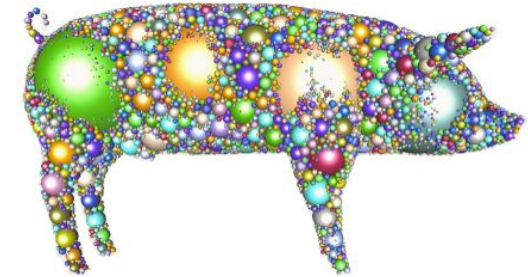




# Inner Sphere Trees (ISTs)

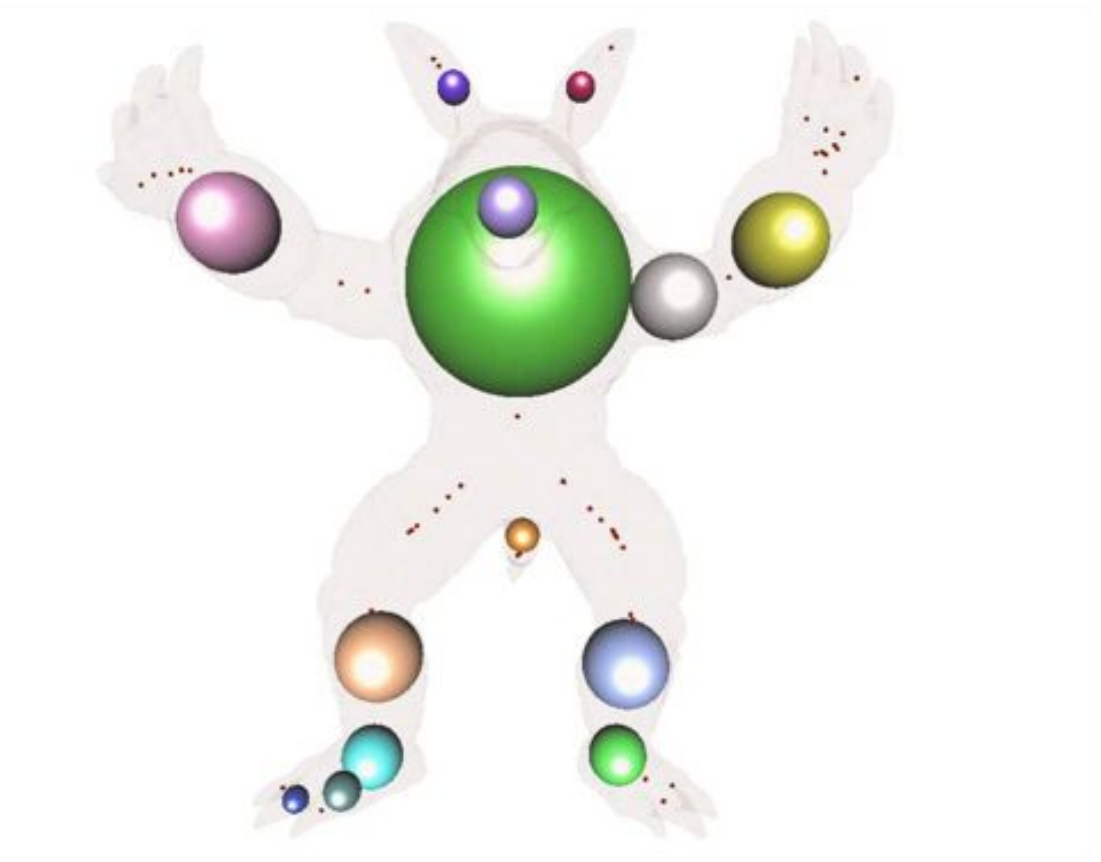
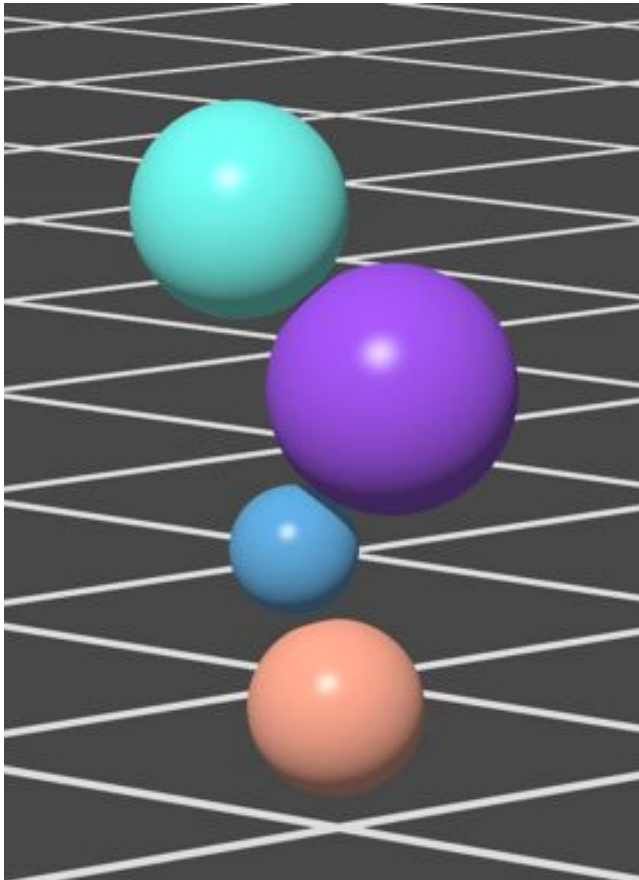
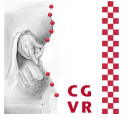


- Basic idea: fill object from **inside** with non-overlapping **inner** bounding volumes
- Sphere Packing (multimodal)
  - Could be other BVs, too
- Goal: dense packing & few spheres
- Advantages:
  - Computes **separation distance** and **penetration volume** in a few **milliseconds**
  - Can do so with the *same* algorithm
  - Penetration volume = water displacement → new approach to computing haptic forces





# Prototype-based massively-parallel algorithm on GPU

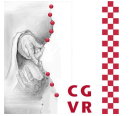


[Siggraph Asia sketches]





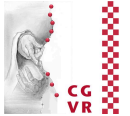
# Application: Collaborative Haptic Workspace



12 moving objects ; 3.5M triangles ; 1 kHz simulation rate ; intersection volume  $\approx$  1-3 msec



# Camera-Based Articulated Object Tracking

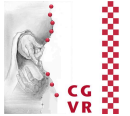


- Goal: markerless tracking of human hand with cameras in real-time
  - High-dimensional configuration space (26 DOFs)
  - Determine global hand position and orientation in 3D space (6 DOF's)
  - Determine hand pose, i.e., angles of finger joints (20 DOF's)

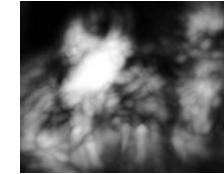
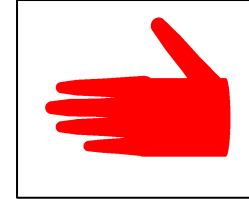
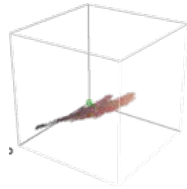
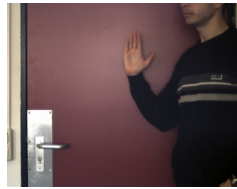




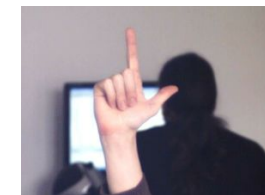
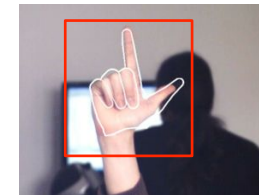
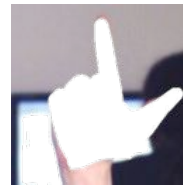
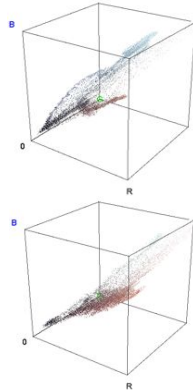
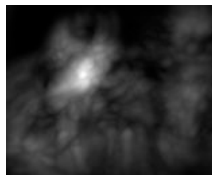
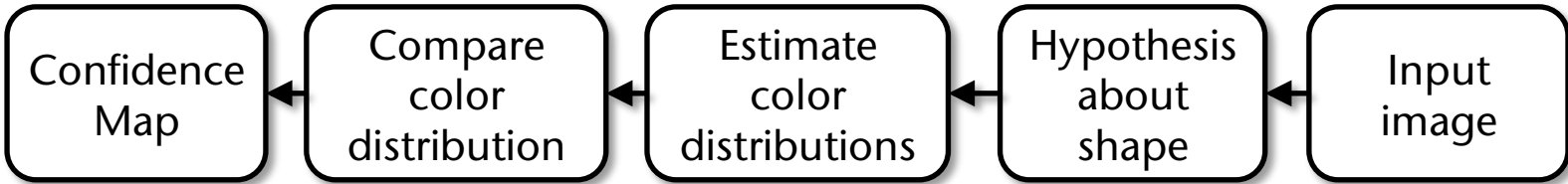
# A Segmentation-Free Approach



Standard  
segmentation-  
based approach

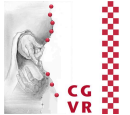


Our novel  
segmentation-  
free approach

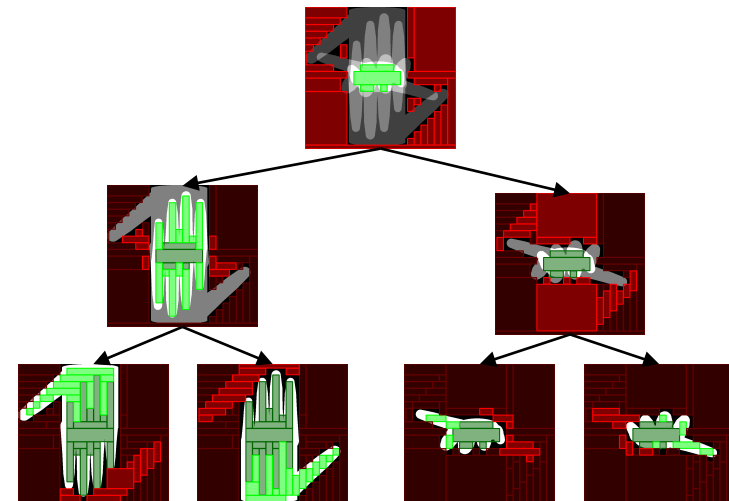
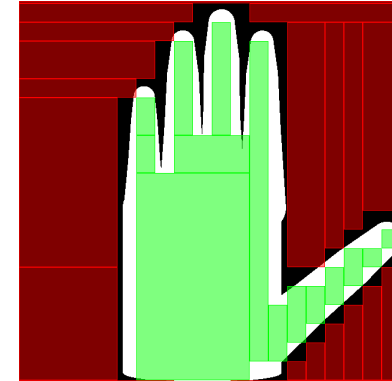




# Fast Area-Based Template Matching

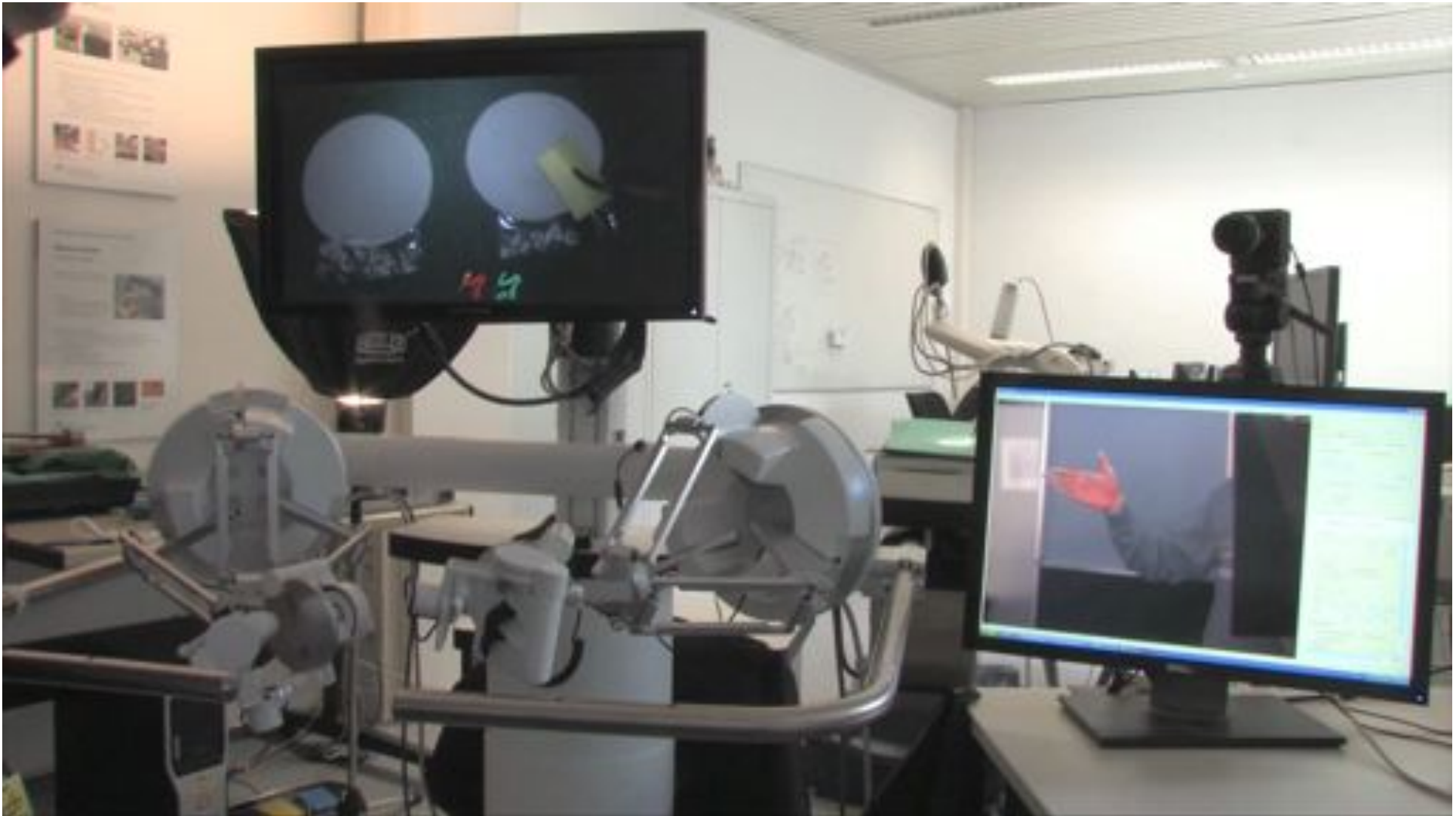
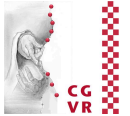


- Novel representation for templates: rectangle coverings
- Benefits:
  - Matching time no longer depends on image or template resolution
  - Speedup = 10-25 x
  - Easy to turn into hierarchical matching algorithm → complexity =  $O(\log n)$  for  $n$  templates!





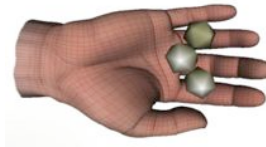
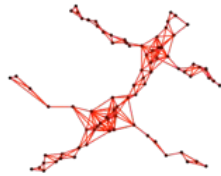
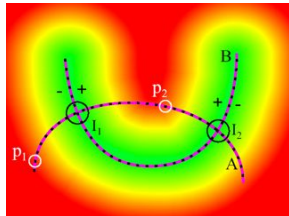
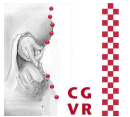
# One Possible Application: Touch-less Control of Robots



With DLR, Oberpfaffenhofen: touch-less hand-based control of the surgery robot MiroSurge

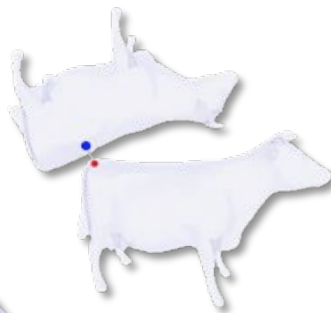


# Thank You!

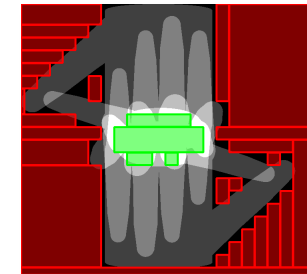


Kinetic SEPARATION LIST

Kinetic A A B B



Protosphere



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